<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Contents</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Independent Auditor's Reports</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <em>Government Auditing Standards</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors
Detroit Institute of Arts

We have audited the financial statements of Detroit Institute of Arts as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 and have issued our report thereon dated October 21, 2022, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. We have not performed any procedures with respect to the audited financial statements subsequent to October 21, 2022.

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for the purpose of additional analysis, as required by the Uniform Guidance, and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

October 21, 2022
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

To Management and the Board of Directors
Detroit Institute of Arts

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Detroit Institute of Arts (the "Organization"), which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2022 and the related statements of activities and changes in net assets, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 21, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Organization's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Organization's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Finding 2022-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Organization's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

The Organization's Response to the Finding

Government Auditing Standards require the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Organization's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Organization's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.
To Management and the Board of Directors
Detroit Institute of Arts

Purpose of This Report
The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

October 21, 2022
Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors
Detroit Institute of Arts

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Detroit Institute of Arts’ (the "Organization") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on the Organization's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Organization's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Organization complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (the "Uniform Guidance"). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Organization and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Organization's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Organization's federal program.
To the Board of Directors
Detroit Institute of Arts

Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Organization's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Organization’s compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

• Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

• Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Organization's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

• Obtain an understanding of the Organization's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
To the Board of Directors
Detroit Institute of Arts

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Plante Moran, PLLC

October 21, 2022
# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

## Year Ended June 30, 2022

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Federal Agency/Pass-through Agency/Program Title</th>
<th>Assistance Listing Number</th>
<th>Pass-through Entity Identifying Number</th>
<th>Total Amount Provided to Subrecipients</th>
<th>Federal Expenditures</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>National Endowment for the Arts - Passed through the State of Michigan - Promotion of the Arts - Partnership Agreements</td>
<td>45.025</td>
<td>22OS4546</td>
<td>$</td>
<td>$3,712</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National Endowment for the Humanities:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Promotion of the Humanities - Preservation and Access</td>
<td>45.149</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>32,301</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Promotion of the Humanities - COVID-19 - Teaching/Learning Resources and Curriculum Development</td>
<td>45.162</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>184,649</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total National Endowment for the Humanities</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>216,950</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Institute of Museum and Library Services:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Museums in America</td>
<td>45.301</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>80,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National Leadership Grants</td>
<td>45.312</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>15,393</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Institute of Museum and Library Services</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>95,393</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. Small Business Administration - COVID-19 - Shuttered Venue Operators Grant Program</td>
<td>59.075</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>4,451,875</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total expenditures of federal awards</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$</td>
<td>$4,767,930</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.
Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the “Schedule”) includes the federal grant activity of Detroit Institute of Arts (the “Organization”) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (the “Uniform Guidance”). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Organization, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, functional expenses, or cash flows of the Organization.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the Schedule are reported on the same basis of accounting as the financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

The Organization has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate to recover indirect costs, as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.
Detroit Institute of Arts

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:
- Material weakness(es) identified? Yes X No
- Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? X Yes None reported
- Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? Yes X None reported

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:
- Material weakness(es) identified? Yes X No
- Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? Yes X None reported

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 2 CFR 200.516(a)? Yes X No

Identification of major programs:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Listing Number</th>
<th>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</th>
<th>Opinion</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>59.075</td>
<td>Shuttered Venue Operators Grant Program</td>
<td>Unmodified</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: $750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes X No
Detroit Institute of Arts

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section II - Financial Statement Audit Findings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reference Number</th>
<th>Finding</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2022-001</td>
<td>Finding Type - Significant deficiency</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Criteria - Controls should be designed to manage system permission, segregate duties, and prevent an individual from having the ability to complete transactions that result in cash disbursements.

Condition - During the year ended June 30, 2022, permissions within the payroll process and accounts payable process were not in place to require segregation of duties surrounding disbursements of cash.

Context - The permissions within the payroll software allow for staff within the human resources department to add employees, change pay rates, and complete a payroll to all or some of the staff without a separate approval. The vendor invoice payment system is automated and connected to the Organization’s banking account. The director of accounting is a signer on the bank account and has the ability to enter and approve vendor invoices. These abilities allow the director of accounting to enter an invoice, approve for payment, and have the payment disbursed from the banking system without a second approval.

Cause - The Organization did not have a fully centralized process to manage access and permissions assigned to each role for incompatible duties. Therefore, the Organization did not have controls in place to prevent unauthorized payrolls nor controls to require a second independent approval for vendor invoices.

Effect - Without a preventive review required, one individual could add fictitious employees, change pay rates, and complete a payroll. Similarly, fictitious vendor invoices could be submitted to the vendor invoice payment system and paid without a separate review or approval. Unauthorized transactions could result in a misappropriation of assets.

Recommendation - The Organization should ensure there are procedures in place to manage access within all systems to ensure dual authorization requirements are in place for all transactions.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions - Detroit Institute of Arts agrees with the recommendation that proper segregation of duties is imperative to the processing of payroll and vendor payments. Internal procedures were in place to require different staff to prepare and then submit payroll for processing; however, the permissions within the payroll software were not unique for each role. In October 2022, permissions within the payroll software were changed to prevent further payrolls from being processed in isolation without proper approvals. Regarding vendor payments, during the implementation of the electronic bill pay function in the general ledger system, proper controls to prevent a signer on the account from being able to pay an invoice they had created without proper oversight were overlooked. Should such an unauthorized transaction prove to be material, the monthly review of financial statements by the CFO and other accounting staff may identify said transaction. In October 2022, user permissions were updated in the general ledger system to prevent an individual from being able to both enter and approve any invoices. In addition, the ability to create new vendors was removed from the user roles for all individuals who have the ability to pay vendors.

Section III - Federal Program Audit Findings

None